Enhancing Successful Outcomes for Youth with Disabilities



Presentation Objectives

 Describe collaboration through the Community of Practice model

- Describe supports/services available both during and after high school
- Provide resource and contact information



Arizona Community of Practice on Transition

The Arizona Community of Practice on Transition (AzCoPT) team meets regularly to collaborate, develop, and coordinate transition services, professional development, and resources related to improving the transition experience for youth with disabilities.

Current AZCoPT partners include:

- Arizona Department of Education/Exceptional Student Services
- Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA)/ Vocational Rehabilitation (VR)
- Tribal 121 programs
- Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD)
- Division of Behavioral Health Services (DBHS)
- Office for Children with Special Health Care Needs (OCSHCN)
- Raising Special Kids
- AZ Developmental Disabilities Planning Council
- Youth Advocate

AZCoPT Objectives



- Collaboration between agencies providing supports and services to youth with disabilities and their families
- Provision of guidance to anyone working with transitioning students to better create "linkages" to services and supports
- Identification of transition resources for parents and individuals with disabilities

AZ Department of Education (ADE) Exceptional Student Services (ESS)

- ADE serves Arizona's education community, ensuring every student has access to an excellent education
- ESS provides high quality service that builds capacity to improve outcomes for all students





Special Education Transition Services are Defined as....

- A plan that is intentionally designed to facilitate the student's movement from school to post-school activities
- A plan that is focused on improving the academic and functional achievement of the student
- A plan with outcomes based on individual needs, taking into account the student's <u>strengths</u>, preferences, and interests
- A coordinated set of activities, including a course of study, that are designed to be a results-oriented process

IDEA 2004 CFR § 300.43

Individualized Education Program (IEP) Required Components

The IEP must provide transition services:

- No later than the first
 Individualized Education
 Program (IEP) to be in
 effect when the child turns
 16
- or younger than 16, if transition services are determined appropriate by the IEP Team

(8) IEP Components:

- Measurable postsecondary goals, (MPGs)
- 2. MPGs are updated annually
- Age-appropriate transition assessments
- 4. Course of study
- 5. Coordinated set of activities
- 6. Aligned annual IEP goals
- 7. Student invitation to IEP meeting
- 8. Outside agency invite with <u>prior</u> consent

Partnering with Outside Agencies for Transition Planning

- Be aware of the agencies that might be able to provide transition services and:
 - Identify when you should invite
 - Learn what services they provide
 - Learn the eligibility requirements
 - Understand what you can do now to prepare the student to continue/begin those services
- Carefully consider who to invite to the IEP and: (Consent is required prior to inviting outside agencies to an IEP)
 - Find out what information might they need from you
 - Work collaboratively with the agency and family prior to the meeting to help draft the IEP
 - Review information from the IEP/Special Education staff and the student's Education and Career Action Plan (ECAP) to develop the rest of the transition plan

Additional Requirements to Enhance Transition Planning

The Summary of Performance (SOP)

Summative document that goes with the student when they exit high school with a regular education diploma or age out.

- Separate document (not required to be a part of the IEP)
- Can be used by other agencies as a tool for post-school transition planning
- At a minimum, an SOP will address the following components:
 - Summary of academic achievement
 - Summary of Functional performance
 - Recommendations on how to assist the student in meeting their measureable post-secondary goals (modifications, accommodations and assistive technology)

Additional Requirements to Enhance Transition Planning

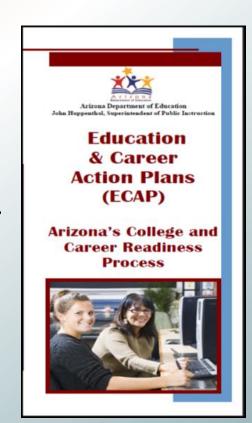
Arizona Education Career Action Plan (ECAP)

Arizona State Board of Education approved the Education Career Action Plan on 2/25/08 for all students in grades 9-12.

- An ECAP reflects a student's current plan of coursework, career aspirations, and extended learning opportunities for developing the student's individual academic and career goals.
- The ECAP process will allow students to learn about and develop needed skills for managing 21st century technologies and postsecondary work place requirements.
- At a minimum, an ECAP will allow students to enter, track, and update the following information:



- 1. Career
- 2. Academic
- 3. Postsecondary Education
- 4. Extracurricular



Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA) Vocational Rehabilitation (VR)

- Works with individuals with disabilities to achieve their goals for employment and independence.
- Collaborates with community organizations, Federal/State agencies, clients, employers, and businesses.
- Provide effective and quality services.



VR Eligibility Requirements

An individual:

- has a physical, mental or emotional impairment that results in a substantial barrier to employment
- is able to benefit in terms of an employment outcome
- wants to work and requires VR services to prepare for, secure, retain or regain employment



Rehabilitation Act Section 7(20)(B)



Order of Selection



The Priorities:

- <u>Priority 1</u> Most significant disability
- <u>Priority 2</u> Significant disability
- Priority 3 All other individuals with disabilities

Life areas assessed to determine Priority:

- Mobility
- Communication
- Self-care
- Self-direction
- Interpersonal
- Work tolerance
- Work skills



Referring Students for VR Services

When?

- The student is ready to begin the transition process
- Could be as early as freshman year

Who?

- Self-referral
- Educator
- Family member
- State agency
- Other



VR Services

An Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE) is developed based on the disability-related needs of the individual for his/her specific vocational goal:

- Vocational counseling & guidance
- Assessments
- Career exploration
- Work readiness activities
- Assistive technology
- Information about community resources
- On-the-job training
- Community college or university education
- Vocational or technical training
- Job development and placement





Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD)

- Provides life-long services and supports for eligible program members
- Partners with stakeholders to promote successful transition from school to adult life
- Supports Employment First as the primary day activity for all members of working age



Eligibility Criteria

- Resides in Arizona
- Applies voluntarily
- Meets diagnostic criteria for age in one of the following categories:
 - 1. Autism
 - 2. Cerebral Palsy
 - 3. Cognitive Disability
 - 4. Epilepsy

- Disability manifests before the age of 18 and is likely to continue indefinitely
- Exhibits substantial functional limitations in 3 of 7 major life skill areas



Life Skills Areas

- 1. Self-care: eating, grooming, hygiene, etc.
- 2. Receptive and expressive language: communicating with others
- 3. Learning: acquiring and processing new information
- 4. Mobility: moving from place to place
- 5. Self-direction: managing personal finances, protecting selfinterests, or making independent decisions that affect one's well-being
- 6. Capacity for independent living: able to live on one's own
- 7. Economic self-sufficiency: able to financially support oneself



Categories of Eligibility

- State-only funded
 - Receives support coordination and community resource referrals
- Medicaid funded (Title XIX)
 - Targeted
 - Same as state-only plus acute health care services
 - Arizona Long Term Care System (ALTCS)
 - Same as targeted plus an array of home and community based services

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY

Supports and Services

DDD members receive services and supports based on assessed need and an Individualized Support Plan (ISP) developed by their team, including:

- Attendant care
- Day treatment and training
- Employment supports and services
- Habilitation

- Home health services
- Residential
- Respite care
- Therapy services
- Transportation



Employment Supports and Services

- Individual Supported Employment
- Group Supported Employment
- Center-Based Employment
- Employment Support Aide
- Transition to Employment
- Transportation



Individuals may participate in one or more of these services both prior to (such as a summer program) or after exiting school



Department of Health Services Division of Behavioral Health Services

Responsible for monitoring:

- The Regional Behavioral Health Authorities (RBHAs)
 - Northern Arizona Regional Behavioral Health Authority (NARBHA)
 - Mercy Maricopa Integrated Care (MMIC)
 - Cenpatico
 - Community Partnership of Southern Arizona (CPSA)
- The Tribal RBHAs (T/RBHAs)
 - White Mountain Apache Tribe
 - Gila River Indian Community
 - Pascua Yaqui Tribe



The 12 Arizona Principles

- Collaboration with child and family
- Functional outcomes
- Collaboration with others
- Accessible array of BH services
- Best practices
- Most appropriate setting
- Timeliness

- Services tailored to child and family
- Stability
- Respect for the child and family's unique cultural heritage
- Independence
- Connection to natural supports



Eligibility and Referral

Eligibility:

 Children, age 0-21, who meet the eligibility requirements established by AHCCCS for Title XIX and Title XXI (Kidscare) are eligible for the full range of behavioral health services

(DBHS serves individuals over the course of their lifespan but this presentation focuses on individuals aged 0-21)

Referral:

 Contact Member Services for the T/RBHA that are providing services in your area. The T/RBHA phone numbers can be found on the DBHS website: http://www.azdhs.gov/bhs



Preparing for Adulthood

- ADHS/DBHS expectations are outlined in the Practice Protocol "Transition to Adulthood" http://www.azdhs.gov/bhs/guidance/index.htm
- Every child and youth must be served through Child and Family Team (CFT) Practice.
- The CFT members assist in assessing post secondary educational wants/needs as members of the IEP process and coordinate and collaborate with other system partners to support a smooth transition across systems
- Beginning at age 16, the CFT must help the youth and family determine what, if any, the youths needs will be as he/she transitions to adulthood. This includes 1. Assessment of independent living skills 2. Housing 3. Safety 4. Physical health 5. Access to insurance 6. Transportation 7. Education 8. Employment 9. Financial and 10. Natural supports

Services Available

- Treatment
- Medical
- Residential
- Crisis Intervention
- Inpatient
- Behavioral Health Day Programs
- Prevention
- Support and Rehabilitation



Support and Rehabilitation Services

- Skills Training and Development
- Psychoeducational Services (pre-job training and development)
- Ongoing Support to Maintain Employment
- Case Management
- Personal Care Services
- Peer Support
- Family Support
- Respite Care
- Supported Housing





Office of Children with Special Health Care Needs (OCSHCN)

What Does Health Have To Do With Transition?



Everything!



Who are Children and Youth with Special Health Care Needs?

Children with a chronic physical, developmental, behavioral, or emotional condition, and

Require health and related services beyond those required by children (birth – 21 years old) generally.

In Arizona about 241,000 children, aged birth through 17, meet this definition.

continuity through stages
support during critical periods
resilience
lasting effects
personalization
decision-making
discussion and planning

lifelong health
face challenges idependence
OUTCOME 6: TRANSITION TO ADULT CARE
reduce stress
no gaps in care
involvement
self care skills

Defined by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB)

OCSHCN in Pediatric to Adult Health Care Transition

OCSHCN Promotes:

- Evidence informed best practices for the health care transition of youth with special health care needs
- Health care transition planning among community partners
- Self-determination for youth/young adults with special health care needs
- Children with special health care needs being included in decision making at the earliest age possible



OCSHCN Promotes Best Practices in Pediatric to Adult Health Care Transition

Youth/young adults, family and the health care provider develop a written health care transition plan that includes:

- Coordination of transition services
- Identification of an adult health care provider
- Future health insurance coverage

Transition plans are reviewed and updated as needed



OCSHCN Promotes Self-Determination for Youth

Youth/Young adults develop and practice health care skills by learning:

- About their health condition and how to describe and manage it
- How to schedule medical appointments
- How to be an effective self-advocate
- How health insurance eligibility may change at age 18



Health Care Transition Plan Should

- Include timelines for goals and activities
- Identify who is responsible for coordinating transfer of care
- Identify an adult health care provider
- Address current strengths and needs
 - Transportation
 - Emergency Planning
 - Health Insurance







Raising Special Kids Families Helping Families

Mission:

Raising Special Kids exists to improve the lives of children with the full range of disabilities, from birth to age 26, by providing support, training, information and individual assistance so families can become effective advocates for their children.



Comprehensive Family Resource Center

- Serving all of Arizona with staff in Phoenix, Flagstaff, Tucson, Sierra Vista and Yuma
- Founded in 1979 501(c)(3) Nonprofit organization
- Staffed by family members of children with disabilities and special health care needs
- Works hard to keep our services at no cost to families
- Provides training, materials, and consultation in English and Spanish
- Supports families of diverse culture, structure and background



Referrals

- Self-referrals
- Education Professionals
- Hospitals
- Physicians
- State agencies
- Other





Parent Training and Information Center

Arizona's Parent Training and Information
 Center (PTI) provides special education
 training and assistance to families of
 children with disabilities from birth to 26
 years of age



 Every state has at least one center funded through the U.S. Department of Education under Part D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)



Navigating Systems of Health Care

- Information for families about using systems of care and health care financing
- Training for health care professionals to increase their knowledge and skills in working with families
- Advocacy with state programs
 (AHCCCS, CRS, ADHS/DBHS) for
 children with special health care needs
- Raising Special Kids is Arizona's Chapter of Family Voices, a national organization on children's health issues

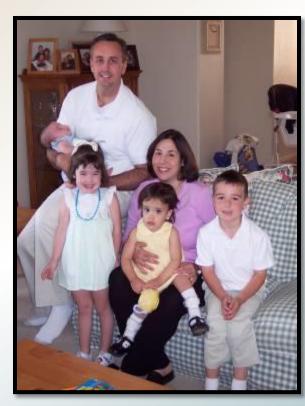




Parent to Parent Program

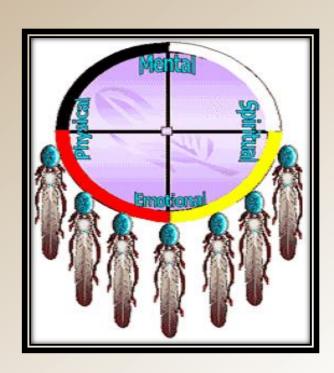
- Raising Special Kids and Pilot Parents of Southern Arizona provide Parent to Parent Mentoring
- Upon request, Parent Leaders are matched with families facing a new concern (e.g.: new diagnosis, medical and therapy options).
 - Increases families' ability to cope
 - Supports families in problem solving
 - Develops awareness of community support

98% of parents have reported that Parent to Parent support is helpful to them.





American Indian Vocational Rehabilitation Programs



Navajo Nation

- Funded through the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services (OSERS)
- Funded under section 121 of the Rehabilitation Act
- Implemented for individuals not being served or underserved



Purpose of Vocational Rehabilitation

Provide culturally relevant VR services necessary to assist Americans with a disability in preparing for securing, retaining, or regaining an employment outcome



Navajo Nation Office of Special Education & Rehabilitative Services

- Vocational Rehabilitation Services
- Independent Living Services
- Early Childhood Intervention (Growing in Beauty)
- Tuba City Industrial Laundry/Food Vending Services
- Navajo ABLE
- Navajo Nation Handicapped Trust Funds
- Navajo Nation Advisory Council on the Handi-CAPABLE



American Indian VR

- Nationally there are eighty-five American Indian VR programs.
- In Arizona, five Tribes are funded:
 - Navajo Nation
 - Fort Mojave
 - Tohono O'odham
 - White Mountain Apache
 - Salt River-Pima Maricopa Indian Community



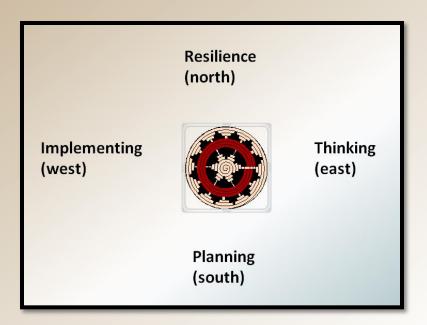
VR Eligibility Requirements

An individual must:

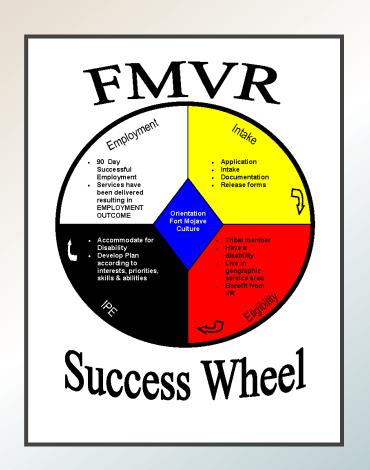
- Be an enrolled member of an American Indian Tribe
- Physically live on/near the reservation
- Have a physical or mental impairment which constitutes an impediment to employment
- Require VR services that will lead to employment



Navajo and Fort Mohave Cycle of Services



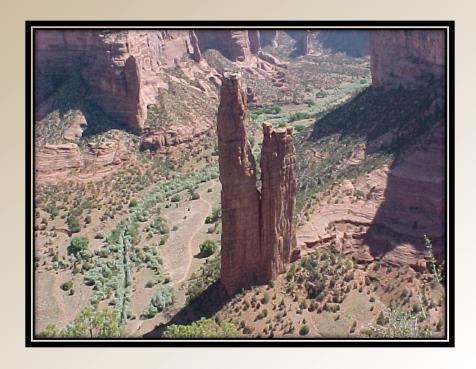
Navajo



Fort Mohave



Ahè hee (Thank You)









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Arizona Department of Education, Exceptional Student Services, Secondary Transition

Andi Asel, Education Transition Specialist (602) 542-3153, Andi.Asel@azed.gov

Susan Voirol, Education Transition Specialist (602) 542-7882, Susan.Voirol@azed.gov

Ana Núñez, Education Transition Specialist (602) 542-4195, Ana.Nunez@azed.gov

William McQueary, Community of Practice Coordinator (602) 364-0642, William.McQueary@azed.gov

Web Address: http://www.ade.state.az.us/ess/

Rehabilitation Services Administration (RSA), Vocational Rehabilitation Program (VR)

Sara Sembiante

Statewide Transition Coordinator

520-628-6810 x261

SSembiante@azdes.gov

400 E. Congress Street, Suite 400

Tucson, AZ 85701

Betty Schoen Brenda Miller

Region 1 Transition Specialist Region 2 Transition Specialist

602-542-6282 520-872-9513

BSchoen@azdes.gov MillerB@azdes.gov

1789 W Jefferson, 2nd Floor NW 1455 South Alvernon Way

Phoenix Arizona 85007 Tucson, AZ 85711

Web Address: www.azdes.gov/rsa

Arizona Department of Economic Security (DES) Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD)

Linda Tasco, Director of Program Services 1789 W. Jefferson Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 480-489-9957, <u>LJTasco@azdes.gov</u>

Web Address: www.azdes.gov/ddd/

Arizona Department of Health Services, Division of Behavioral Health Services

Robert Crouse

Implementation Manager, Children's System of Care 150 N. 18th Avenue, Suite 240, Phœnix, AZ 85007 602-364-4854, crouser@azdhs.gov

Adam Robson

Housing & Employment Administrator
150 North 18th Avenue, Suite 280

Phoenix, AZ 85007

602-364-4622

Adam.Robson@azdhs.gov

Web Address: http://www.azdhs.gov/bhs

Arizona Department of Health Services/Office for Children with Special Health Care Needs

Rita Aitken, Education & Advocacy Manager 150 N. 18th Avenue, Suite 330 Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3242 (602) 364-1480 or 1-800-232-1676 (ask for OCSHCN) Rita.Aitken@azdhs.gov

Shelly Persons, Title V Outreach Manager 150 North 18th Avenue, Suite 320 Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3242 602-364-1497 or 602-542-1860 Shelly.Persons@azdhs.gov

Web address: http://www.azdhs.gov/phs/ocshcn/index.htm
Send OCSHCN a message: OCSHCN@azdhs.gov

Raising Special Kids

Christopher Tiffany, Director of Family Support and Education 5025 E Washington St, Suite 204 602-242-4366

christophert@raisingspecialkids.org

Office of Special Education & Rehabilitation, Navajo Nation

Paula Seanez, Assistant Director PO Box 1420, Window Rock Arizona 86515 928-871-6993

pseanez@navajo.org